# امتحانات الفرقة الاولى

(الترم الاول)

سنوات سابقة

Menr.

\_...iversity

Faculty of veterinary medicine Subject: Biology (zoology)

1<sup>st</sup> term, final exam

Date: 14/3/2021 Time Allowed: 2 hrs

00	omplete the followings: 15 marks
	1- Protozoa move by
	a- legs b- moving organelles c- hands
	2- Digestion in Coelenterata is
	a- Extracellular and intracellular b- internal c- enzymatic
	3- Platyhelminthes have animals
	a- parasitic b- free living c- both a & b
	4- Nematodes move by
	a- legs b- body muscles c- hands
	5- Annelids are
	a- hermaphrodites b- sexually separated c- both a & t
	6- Arthropods are characterized by
	a- chitineous endoskeleton b- chitineous exoskeleton
	c- no skeleton
8 3	7- Sense organs in arthropods include
	a- Sensory cells b- nerve cells c- antennae
	8- Molluscs are characterized by presence of
	a- Mantle b- Cilia c- viscera
	9- Subphylum Vertebrata belongs to phylum
	a- Chordata b- Metazoa c- Vertebrata
	10- Sponges are
	a- asymmetrical b- bilaterally symmetrical c- pentasymmetrical
	11-Post anal tail of chordates function is
	a- movement and balance b- locomotion c- running
	12- Chordates have four limbs
	a- Modified b- attached c- loos
	13-Chordates are characterized by sexual
	a- Tri-morphism b- uni-morphism c- di-morphism
3	14-Molluscs use to move a- legs b- foot c- appendages
	15- Phylum Porifera belongs to subkingdom

	a- Protozoa	b- Parazoa	c- Metaz	oan	
16-	Execretion of Pla	atyhelminthes by.		🚖 📑	2
	a- Kidney	b- Ostia	a c-Fa	alme cell	
17-	Protozoa are	org	anisms.		
	a- Coelomate	b- Ur	icellular	c- Segmmented	
18-	The skeleton of	the sponges com	posed of		
,	a- Both b and c	b- Spir	nes	c- Fibres	
19-	Tentacles of Co	elentrate animals	serve for		
	a- Defence	b- Food	c- Both a a	nd b	
20-	Respiration of A	thropoda by			
	a- Body surface	b-T	rachea and gills	b- Coxal	gland
21-	The body of Ann	elida are			
	a- Segmmented		b- unjointed	c- one u	nit
22-	Mollusca posses	SS	symn	netry	
	a- Five-sided sy	mmetry	b- Bilateral sym	metry c-Tetrarad	lait
23-	Circulatory syste	m of Aschelminth	nes is		
	a-Open	b- Close	ed	c- Absent	
24-	The mantle of M	ollusca secrets			
	a- Shell	b-	Cuticle	c- Hairs	
25-	Anterior part of	entral nervous sy	stem of chordata	a protected by	
	a- Coelem		b-	Skull c- Hair	
26-	Kidneys of moll	usca serve for			
	a- Locomotion		b- Feeding	c- Excre	tion
27-	Sponges are rep	presented by		type.	
	a-One	b- Three	•	c- Six	
28-		are controlled b	y a water vascul	ar system in Echinod	erms.
	a- Contractile va	cuole	b- Tube feet	c- Shell	
29-	Sponges have a	characteristic ce	II		
	1- Digestive cell	b- G	ut	c- Choanocyte	
30-	Coelentrata possess	, whic	h used for paraly	zing the prey	

امعة المنوفية الطب البيطري- الفرقة الأولي حامة الطب البيطري- الفرقة الأولي حان الدرسي الأول (2020/2021)

Biology

Botany (1.5 h/ 30 Marks

An Date

#### MORPHOLOGY & MEDICINAL PLANTS

## I. Give the Scientific concept for each of the following sentences:

(10 Marks)

- 1. Buds that are covered with scale leaves.
- 2. Plants which live for more than two years.
- 3. When the flowers are unisexual and both sexes occur on the same plant.
- 4. Stems that grow horizontally in all directions along the soil surface.
- 5. Special organs used by certain plants to be united to their hosts for their nutrition.
- 6. Plants which give rise to a serious departure from normal health when eaten by animals.
- 7. When the axis grows indefinitely bearing the flowers either directly on itself or on its branches.
- 8. Plants live where the water supply is scarce and the conditions are dry
- 9. Metamorphosed stems which function in photosynthesis.
- 10. Plants which are soft and have no woody part above ground.

## II. Put $(\sqrt{\ })$ or (X) on front of the following sentences and correct the wrong ones:

(5 Marks)

- 1. Seeds of Datura stramonium contain toxic substances called coumarins.
- 2. Climbing roots produced by plants that inhabit muddy swamps poor in oxygen.
- 3. Sweet clover had a toxic alkaloid called solanine.
- 4. Adventitious roots are those which derived from the radical.
- 5. Monopodial branching is one in which the growth of the main stem is definite and further growth of plant is carried by the axillary buds.

Best wishes Dr/ M. El-Lithy

## PLANT CYTOLOGY & PHYSIOLOGY

1- Explain with drawing oxidation of py	ruvate in presence of oxygen and	the amount of				
energy produced.		(5 Marks)				
II- Choose the correct answer:	•	= (5 Marks)				
1- Respiratory enzymes are located in		4				
(a) Mitochondria	(b) Outer membrane	`				
(c) Chloroplast	(d) None of the above					
2- Highest concentration of auxin exists in		* -,				
(a) At the base of various plant organs	(b) Growing tips of plants					
(c) In leaves	(d) In xylem and phloem cells on	Iv_				
3- The none protein portion of enzyme called						
(a) Apoenzyme	(b) Prosthetic group					
(c) Activator	(d) Substrate					
4- Abscisic acid acts antagonistic to						
(a)NAA	(b) IAA					
(c) 2,4-D	(d) GA					
5- In addition to auxin, amust be supplied to culture media to obtain a good callus in						
plant tissue culture.		ou camus in				
(a) Cytokinin	(b) Abscissic acid					
(c)Vitamins	(d) Ethylene					
III- Complete the following sentences:	·	(5 Marks)				
1- Splitting of glucose in cytosol produce two	and the process called					
2- The process of water uptake by substance the	at do not dissolve in water but subs	tances swall is				
called	The state of the s	tances swen is				
3- The ratio of the volume of $CO_2$ evolved to the volume of $O_2$ consumed in respiration called						
4gives colour to flow	ers and fruits	1				
5- The organelle which surround and support pl						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

With all my best wishes

Dr. Dina A. Gad



Faculty of Veterinary, Menuofia University

Final-Term Exam: 12/1/2020

Course: Systematic Biology (Zoology)

Time Allowed: 3 h

الفرقه الأولي (نصف ورقة)





#### Answer All the following questions

I	Complete the following sentences (15 points):						
	1- The Triploblastica is subdivided into three groups which are						
	2- Respiration occurs by in protozoan animals.						
	3- The Swedish scient put the base of modern taxonomy and nomenclature.						
	4- Euglena is an autotrophic (Holophytic), while Ameoba is a						
	5- Phylum Potozoa is sub-divided into four classes which are						
	6- The is the infective stage of Entamoaba histolytica.						
	7- Tse-tse fly is the vector of <i>Trypanosoma bruci</i> while theis the vector of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> .						
	8- Phylum Porifera belongs to Sub-Kingdom						
	9- The phenomenon of alternation of generation in Coelenterates means						
	10-Excretion takes place by rennet cells as in but in Platyhelminthes occurs by flame cells.						
	11- The circulatory system is in arthropod animals while it is a closed system in Annelid						
	12- Phylum Arthropoda is subdivide into four classes which are						
	13- The insect body is divided into three distinct regions which are						
	14- The term cephalothorax in Crustacean animals means						
	15- In Arachnida, the body is distinguished into two regions namely						
No. of the last	Comment briefly on each of the following (7.5 points):						
	1- The general characters of Phylum <b>Protozoa</b> and <b>Mollusca (6 points):</b>						
i i i	2- Illustrate the classification of animal kingdom above the Phylum (1.5 points).						
E = 1							
	In a Table form write, the infective stage, mode of infection or transmission, intermediate or vectors						
	, disease and diagnosis of each of the following parasites (7.5 points):						
	a- Trypanosoma bruci gambiense						
	b- Trypanosoma cruzi						
	c- Entamoaba histolytica						
	d- Fasciola hepatica						
	e- Ascaris lumbercoides						
	Bost will have						

xaminer:

Prof. / Hanem H. Sakr

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#### جامعة المنوفية كلية الطب البيطري- الفرقة الأولي امتحان الفصل الدراسي الأول (2020/2019)

Course Title			
	Biology	Exam Date	12 / 01 / 2020
Department	Botany (1.5 h/ 30 Marks)	Exam Time	3 h

# PLANT CYTOLOGY & PHYSIOLOGY

I- Complete the following (ONLY write word/words in your answer booklet):
is the memorane surrounding cytoplasm of plant cell, while
membrane that surrounding plant vacuole.
B. According to shape, crystals may be <sup>(3)</sup> or <sup>(4)</sup> or <sup>(5)</sup> or <sup>(6)</sup>
C. The semi fluid matrix inside the nucleus is called <sup>(7)</sup>
D. Secondary cell wall had additional substances such as <sup>(8)</sup> or <sup>(9)</sup> or <sup>(10)</sup>
E. Plastids may be or or or
F. The <sup>(14)</sup> combines with coenzyme to form complete enzyme system called <sup>(15)</sup>
O. Pampers industry depends on the property of colloids, while the character of charcoal can be used in filters and fridge's industries.
produces bolting of rosette-forming plants.
Isozymes means
Il. Chose one of the following since of
M. Chose one of the following sings (X or $\sqrt{\ }$ ) and correct the wrong ones:-
Anthocyanins affects fruit-ripening.
Flavonoids act to inhibit the growth of buds lower down the stems (apical dominance)
3. Susy is the enzyme catalyzing the conversion of starch to glucose.
* Betalains are compounds that positively influence cell enlargement.
Carotenes are a group of chemicals that influence cell division.
Ethylene plays a role in leaf and seed dormancy by inhibiting growth.
gases are enzymes that catalyze splitting of water.
igments are used by plants to absorb or detect light.
dugars have been shown to act as antioxidants.
<u>α-amylases</u> break down 1.6 glucosidic linkage in starch degradation.
dâlâ ji
Kaminer Signatus

# MORPHOLOGY & MEDICINAL PLANTS

<u> </u>	Complete the follow	ing sentences:	
	1- The leaf consists of.	an	d
	2- The primary roots or	iginate from	
		be or	
	4- The tap root is most	common in	, while the adventitious root is
		rs all the flower whorls is call	
		from one another, the calyx	
		of an	
	8- Seeds of Ricinus con	nmunis contain toxic substanc	e called
	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
11-	Define the following	g:	
	tab	1 Endognam	3- Self-pollination
	1- Bract	2- Endosperm	-
	4- Seed	5- Biennial plants	<b>6-</b> Respiratory roots
AMORPHICAL STATES OF THE STATE	Put $(\sqrt{)}$ or $(X)$ on from	ont of the following sentence	s and correct the wrong ones
	1- A corm consists of	one or more internode.	
	2- Turnip is an examp	le of the fusiform roots.	
	3- Stamens of the and	orecium may be united in the	form of a tube.
		rates which considered toxic is	
	5- Endosperm is a dip		
	6- Tomato leaves and	stems contain toxic substance	e called solanine.

### **Best wishes**

#### Put $(\sqrt{})$ or (x):

#### 15 marks

- 1-Platyhelminthes are acoelomate animals.
- 2- Some Chordata use flagella for movement.
- 3- Excretory system of molluscs is the mantle.
- 4- Mouth of coelenterates used for feeding only.
- 5- Nematocysts are used only for food capture.
- 6- Excretion in Protozoa is by simple diffusion.
- 7- Platyhelminthes are mostly hermaphrodites.
- 8- The characterized cell of sponges is choanocytes.
- 9- Nematodes are pseudocoelomate animals.
- 10-Annelids have two layers of muscles.
- 11-Arthropods move by legs.
- 12-Skeleton in molluscs is composed of shell.
- 13-Protozoa respiration is by body surface.
- 14-Coelenterates are free swimming only.
- 15-Nematodes are characterized by absence of cilia.
- 16-Nematodes are characterized by absence of cilia.
- 17-The protoplasm of protozoa is differentiated into ectoplasm and endoderm.
- 18-The nervous systemof porifera consist of one or more network.
- 19-Molluscan animals are filter feeders only.
- 20-The excretion of Aschelminthes is by Renettes.
- 21-The body of chordate animals covered by feathers or hair.
- 22-The gut of Platyhelminthes has mouth only.
- 23- The circulatory system of annelida is closed.
- 24-Body of Mammals covered by scales.
- 25-The genital opening and anus open in the mantle cavity of .
- 26-Vertebrate animals have complete digestive system with accessory glands.
- 27- The body of porifera is perforated by numerous ostia.
- 28- Annelids are segmented animals with jointed appendages.
- 29-Asexual reproduction of protozoa is by binary and multiple fission.
- 30-Chordata are triploblastic acoelomate animals.

Shevinshew

With our best wishes.

Prof. Sherin sheir

Associ.Prof. Hoda El sheikh

Hode Elsnikh



#### بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





Menoufia University

**Faculty of Veterinary Medicine** 

Final Exam. (First year) 22/1/2020

Course: Biophysics

#### **Important Notes**

**Could you Please read the following:** 

- \* The exam consists of 4 questions in 4 papers.
- \* Answer all questions.
- \* Time allowed is 2 hours.
- \* Show work on all problems.
- \* Show a labeled diagram and all work including units.
- \* Please explain any nonstandard notation.
- \* The exam is graded out of 30 points.
- \* The exam contains 3 points bonus.
- \* Mark explicitly which questions are and are not to be graded if you attempt all in question number IV.
- \* No textbooks, cheat sheets or other examination aids are permitted

At last, I wish all of you a Good Luck.

Prof. Dr. Amin El Adawy

- I. [3 Points and 10 minutes ] Could you please answer true or false the following:
  - 1. At the steady state of any liquid, its velocity is greater than t. critical velocity.
  - 2. The decay modulus of the radioactive matter is T-2.
- 3. The decay constant of a radioactive element is directly with its half life time.
- 4. The decay constant of a radioactive element depends on the age of the nucleus.
- 5. The fundamental intervals divided into 100, 80, and 180 parts in Celsuis, Fahrenheit, and Reaumur scale, respectively.
  - 6. Skin temperature easily determined by clinical thermometer.

#### II. . [2 Points and 10 minutes] Write down the scientific word of the following:

- 1. It is depend on the surface area of the liquid, the distance away from the static layer and the velocity with respect to the static layer.
- 2. It cannot give you the numerical value of constants of proportionality that may appear in an algebraic expression.
  - 3. It is the ratio between the lateral contractions per original diameter and the longitudinal extension per original of any material.
  - 4. In the elastic region the stress is directly proportional to the strain.

# III. [ 10 points and 30 minutes] Choose the correct answer and could you please give a reason of the following:

- A particle moves in a circular path of radius r with speed v. If
  increases its speed to 2v while traveling along the same circular path.
   The centripetal acceleration of the particle has changed by a factor of
- (a) 0.25

(b) 0.5

(c) 2

(d) 4

- (e) impossible to determine.
- 2. Which of the following equations are dimensionally correct?

$$a-V_f=V_i+ax$$

b- Y =  $(2m)\cos(kx)$ , where  $k = 2m^{-1}$ 

c-  $Y = A \sin wt + B \tan wt + C \sin wt$ .

a- $V = \pi P x^4 / 8\mu L$ b- $V = \pi P r^4 / 8\mu L$ c- $V = \pi P (r^2 - x^2) / 8\mu L$ d- $V = P (r^2 - x^2) / 4\mu L$		
4. In CGS-system of units, the	he unit of viscosity is:	
a- Kg.m <sup>-1</sup> .sec <sup>-1</sup> b- Gm.cm <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> c- MLT <sup>-1</sup> d- ML <sup>-1</sup> T <sup>-1</sup>		
5. The square's velocity of si	mple harmonic motion is equal to:	
a- $\omega^2$ A cos $\omega$ t b- $\omega$ A <sup>2</sup> cos $\omega$ t c- $\omega^2$ A <sup>2</sup> (1 – sin <sup>2</sup> $\omega$ t) d- $\omega$ A $\forall$ (A <sup>2</sup> – Y <sup>2</sup> ).		
6. Radiation is classifying to:	:	
<ul><li>a- Ionizing radiation</li><li>b- Non ionizing radiation</li><li>c- Ionizing and non ionizing</li></ul>	ng radiation.	
7. X-rays considered as:		
a- Particles b- Photons c- Phonons		
8. X-rays for the naked eyes:	:	
a- Visible b- Invisible c- Dark.		
9. If Power = work / time, the	e dimensions of power is:	
a- ML <sup>2</sup> T <sup>-3</sup>	b- MLT <sup>-1</sup>	c- MLT <sup>-3</sup>
		4
10. Clinical thermometer rea	ds fromto:	
a- $38^{\circ}$ C - $44^{\circ}$ C b- $35^{\circ}$ C - $42^{\circ}$ C c- $36^{\circ}$ C - $42^{\circ}$ C.		

3. The volume of the flowing liquid in a tube per second is:

#### IV. [12 points and 70 minutes] Could you please answer (7) questions from the following questions:

- 1. On the highway between Cairo and Alexandria, a car is traveling at a speed of 38 in./sec. Is this car exceeding the speed limit of 120 km/h. What if the driver is outside Egypt and is familiar with speeds measured in mil./h? What is the speed
- 2. An auditorium measures  $40.0 \text{ m} \times 20.0 \text{ m} \times 12.0 \text{ m}$ . The density of air is 1.20 kg/m³. What are (a) the volume of the room in cubic feet and (b) the weight of air in the room in pounds?
- 3. Deduce Poiseuille's equations for flow of liquids through tubes?
- 4. Define: Half life time, decay constant, and activity of a radioactive substance, then state the physical units of radioactive activity?
- 5. Write short notes on production of X-rays experimentally, then state the physical properties of X-rays?
- 6. A 0.500 kg block connected to a spring for which the force constant is N/m oscillates on a horizontal.
- Calculate the total energy of the system and the maximum speed of the block if the amplitude of the motion is 3 cm?
  - What is the velocity of the block when the position is 2 cm?
- 7. A cable used to support an actor as he swung onto the stage. Suppose that the tension in the cable is 940 N as the actor reaches the lowest point. What diameter should a 10 m long steel wire have if we do not want it to stretch more than 0.5 cm under these conditions? (E= $2.5x10^5$  N/m).
- 8. Convert the following temperatures into Fahrenheit scale: 345 °K, 375 °C, -45 °C and 0 °K.
- 9. Deduce an equation to determine the temperature °C, on a scale employing

Best regar









Menoufia University
Faculty of veterinary medicine
Course: Biophysics
Final exam . Jan. 2021

#### **Important Notes**

#### Could you Please read the following:

- \* The exam consists of 4 questions in 4 papers.
- \* Answer all questions.
- \* Time allowed is 2 hours.
- \* Show work on all problems.
- \* Show a labeled diagram and all work including units.
- \* Please explain any nonstandard notation.
- \* The exam is graded out of 30 points.
- \* The exam contains Three points bonus.
- \* Mark explicitly which questions are and are not to be graded if you attempt all in question number IV .
- \* No textbooks, cheat sheets or other examination aids are permitted

At last, I wish all of you a Good Luck.

Prof. Dr. Amin El Adawy

#### I. [5 min. and 3] Could you please answer true or false the

- 1. The unit for the bulk modulus of elasticity is N/m<sup>2</sup>
- 2. The dimension of kinetic energy is ML<sup>2</sup>T<sup>-2</sup>.
- 3. If I increase the size of a solid body that falls into viscous liquid, the coefficient of viscosity will increase.
- 4. Unit of mass attenuation coefficient is cm-1
- 5. X- rays have low penetration power.
- 6. Ionizing radiation doesn't contain photons as it is uncharged.

#### II. [15 min. and 6 points] Write down the scientific word of the following.

- 1. It is depend on the surface area of the liquid, the distance away from the static layer and the velocity with respect to the static layer.
- 2. A traveling wave or pulse that causes the elements of the medium to move perpendicular to the direction of propagation.
- 3. The friction force which keeping the velocity gradient equal to unity through a surface area equal to unity.
- 4. It is the ratio between the lateral strain and the longitudinal strain of any material.
  - 5. In the elastic region the stress is directly proportional to the strain.
  - 6. The thickness which reduces the intensity of the incident beam by one half

# III. [20 min. and 6 points] Choose the correct answer and could you please give a reason of the following.

- 1. The property of an object which causes it to be no restored to its original shape after distortion is:
- a. Stress
- b. Strain
- c. Elasticity
- d. Inelasticity
- 2. Which of the following equations are dimensionally correct?
- a.  $V_f = V_i + ax$
- b.  $Y = (2m) \cos (kx)$ , where  $k = 2m^{-1}$
- c. Y = A sin wt + B tan wt + C sin wt.

- 3. The volume of the flowing liquid in a tube is:
- a.  $V = \pi P x^4 / 8 \mu L$
- b.  $V = \pi Pr^4 / 8\mu L$
- C.  $V = \pi P(r^2-x^2) / 8\mu L$
- d.  $V = P(r^2-x^2) / 4\mu L$
- 4. In CGS- system of units, the unit of viscosity is:
- a. Kg.m<sup>-1</sup>.sec<sup>-1</sup>
- b. gm.cm<sup>-1</sup>.sec<sup>-1</sup>
- c. MLT-1
- d. ML-1T-1



- 5. According to Newton's equation of viscosity, if a solid body move into viscous liquid, then the stress of the liquid on the body increase, the velocity gradient will
- a. increase
- b. decrease
- c. keep const
- d. none of above
- 6. X- rays are electromagnetic waves with ...... wavelength between...... to ...... $A^0$
- a- very short, 0.01 10
- b. very long, 0.1 10
- c. very short, 0.1 100
- d. very long, 0.01 100
- IV. [80 min. and 12 points] Could you please answer Only 6 from the following guestions.
- 1. Define the decay constant  $\lambda$ , then mention its properties.
- 2. Write short notes on the physical quantities and the properties of X-ray?
- 3. Write the mathematical formula for each of the following:

Half life time T<sub>1/2</sub>,

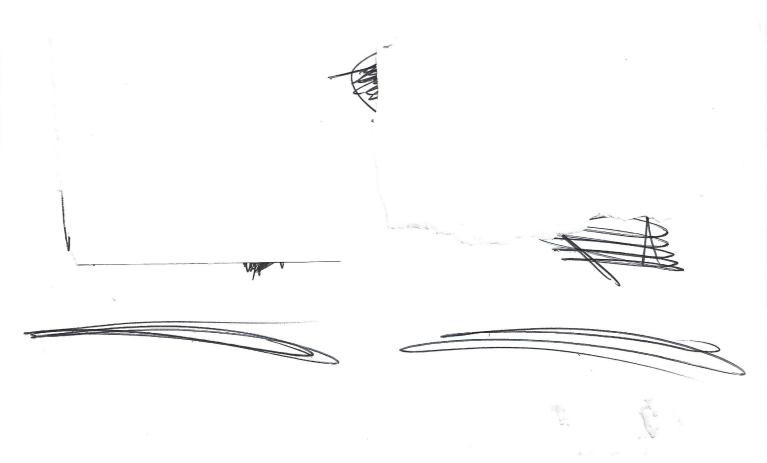
activity of radioisotope,

effective half life

4. Write about the construction of a temperature scale, then prove that

$$t = \frac{(X_t - X_0)}{(X_{100} - X_0)} \, \, ^0\!C$$

- 5. Deduce Poisseuille's equations for flow of liquids through tubes.
- 6. Derive the dimensions of the following quantities:
- Viscosity modulus
- Plank's constant
- Gravitational constant
- Power
- Decay's modulus.
- 7. Write in details about the absorption of X-rays.
- 8. Find the corresponding values of the temperature 48  $^{\rm 0}{\rm C}$  in Fahrenheit and Reaumur scales.





#### Menoufia University Faculty of Veterinary Med cine

Anatomy and Embryology First Year



## Please answer the all follo

First part the objective questions (60 questions/15 point

71

	Choose tl	he correct answer	
1- The fossa means			
A. Articular depression	B. Articular projection	C. Non-articular depression	D. Non-articular projection
2- Fovea means			
A. Articular depression	B. Articular projection	C. Non-articular depression	D. Non-articular projection
3- The detection of the p	osition of heart in livi	ng animal is type of	anatomy
A. Applied	B. Gross	C. Develonmental	D. Comparative
4- The articulation type l	oetween scapula and h	umerus bones of horse is	ioint
A. Gliding	B. Ellipsoidal	C. Pivot	D. Hinge
		ed the head into rostral and	caudal parts
A. Frontal  6- The metaphysis is about	B. Transverse	C. Medial	D. Sagittal
	sent in	bone	
A. Humerus	B. Scapula	C. Radius	D. Metacarpal
/- The spongy bones fill	completely all bones e	except the	• • •
A. Humerus	B. Scapula	C. Carpal	D. Sessamoid
3- Thepla	ne divides the body in	to dorsal and ventral parts	
A. Median	B. Sagittal	C. Frontal	D. Transverse
The articulation between	en radius and ulna of c	log is	
A. Suture	B. Symphyses	C. Syndesmosis	D. Synovial
0- The first step of the oog	genesis is observed du	ring	
	B. Fertilization	C. Puberty	D. Fetal life
1- The first group of cells	involutes through the	primitive streak form	
	B. Endoderm	C. Mesoderm	D. Hypoblast



# Menouties Ini Faculty of Veter Anatomy and Embryology

e allowed: 2 Hours

A. Ligament	B. Menisci	C. Articular carrace	D. Marginal cartilage
13- The	membrane in the chick	embryo is the respiratory	organ
A. Chorioallantoic	B. Yolk sac	C. Chorion	D. Allantois
14- The holoblastic unequ	ual cleavage is present in.		
A. Frog	B. Mammals	C. Birds	D. Reptiles
<b>15-</b> The ox has	metacarpal bones		
A. 2	B. 3	C. 4	D. 5
16- The muscle bundles i	s surrounded by		
A. Endomysium	B. Perimysium	C. Epimysium	D. Myofiber
17- The retinaculum is clo	ear around	joint	
A. Shoulder	B. Elbow	C. Carpal	D. Fetlock
18- The axial skeleton in	cludes		
A. Skull	B. Ribs	C. Vertebrae	D. All of them
19- The structure of the so	omites is	• • • • • •	
A. Mesoderm	B. Endoderm	C. Ectoderm	D. Trophoblast
20- The delamination of t	he inner cell mass formin	g	
A. Endoderm	B. Mesoderm	C. Hypoblast	D. Trophoblast
21- The number of carpal	bone in ox is		
A. 4	B. 5	C. 6	D. 7
22- Eccentric implantation	on can be observed in		
A. Human	B. Rodent	C. Cow	D. Birds
23- The structure of allan	tois is	•••	
A. Mesoderm	B. Endoderm	C. Somatopleure	D. Spalnchinopleure
24- The muscles of the in	testinal wall are originated	d from	
A. Splanchnic mesoderm	B. Somatic mesoderm	C. Endoderm	D. Ectoderm
25- The deciduate placent	a is present in		
A. Cow	B. Mare	C. Pig	D. Dog
<b>26-</b> The suture is type of .	joint		
A. Fi <sup>1</sup>	B. Cartilaginous	C. Synovial	D. None of them
NOTE THAT PROPERTY.			il il



Anatomy and abryology Elr. Year Exam, 201 \$620



time allowed: 2 Hour

27- The finally mature	ed ovum is observed at		Time allowed. 2 Hot
A. Fertilization	B. Ovulation	C. Implementation	D. Fetal period
28-During ovulation	the	is released from the matu	re follicle of overv
A. Oogonium	B. Primary oocyte	Secondary oocyte	D. Mature ovum
29- The blood vessels	of long bones includes	Jos stondary oocyte	B. Watthe Ovalli
A. Nutrient artery	B. Periosteal artery	C. Metaphyseal artery	D. All of them
30- The structure respe	onsible for formation of syr	novia is	- Till of them
A. Articular surface	B. Articular cartilage	C. Ligaments	D. Joint capsule
31- The right and left 1	pelvic bone are attached by	····joint	2. come capsure
A. Fibrous	B. Cartilaginous	C. Synovial	D. True
32	is a solid mass of	approximately 8 -16 blastor	meres
A. Blastula	B. Blastocyst	C. Gastrula	D. Morula
33-Inner cell mass is c	bserved during the cleavag	e of	D. Moruia
A. Fish	B. Frog	C. Birds	ID M
34- During cleavage of	mammals the embryo is st	ill surrounded by	D. Mammals
A. Granulosa cells	B. Inner cell mass	C. Blastocoel	
35- The implantation c	of embryo into uterine tube	is prevented by the	D. Zona pellucida
A. Granulosa cells	B. Inner cell mass	The second secon	
		C. Blastocoel	D. Zona pellucida
A Commi	1s the formation of the	three germ layers from the l	oilaminar embryo.
A. Spermiogenesis	B. Cleavage	C. Gastrulation	D. Decidua
77- Specialized structur	e of mammals which separa	ates the blood of mother fro	m that of fetus.
A. Trophoblast	B. Chorion	C. Decidua	D Placenta
8- The sperm becomes		the Sertoli cells after	
A. Spermatogenesis	B. spermatocytogenesis	C. Spermiation	D. Spern iogenesis
9- Zona pelucida reacti	ion is produced under the e	ffect of the content of cortic	al granules off
1. Ovum	B. Corona radiate	C. Sperm	D. None of them
0-Cleavage of polylec	ithal macrotelolecithal ovur	n is	VI VIIII
Holoblastic equal	B. Holoblastic unequal	C. Discoidal	D. Superficial
The state of the s		1	- Duporticiai



# Menoufia University Faculty of Veterinary Anatomy and Embryology Anatomy 2019

23

16

Date: 21.2.2021

41- Shoulder girdle region is consisted of, scapus, clayete and radius	2
42-Only dog has 5 digits while in other domestic mumber of	f di

43-Head is the articular surface of humerus and articulate with radius and

44-The intertuberal groove is divided by the intermediate ridge in the humerus of horse and ox

45- The primordial germ cells is derived from the endoderm of the yolk sae

46-Each fore limb of the ox has 4 proximal sessamoid and 2 distal sessamoid bones

47-Periosteum is fibrous membranes cover the surface of all types of bones

48- Suture is fibrous joint can only be seen between scapula and humerus of small animals

49-Synovial joints are the only joints that have a space between the adjoining bones

50- The joint capsule present in some of synovial joints and absent the majority of it

51-In incongruent joint the articular surfaces adapted to each other by the presence of ligaments

52- In hinge joint one articular surface is ring moved around axis of other like elbow joint

53- Striated voluntary muscle present in the wall of intestine

54- Reduced long bone is a type of long bone but have very small central cavity as ulna

55- The zona pellucida around zygot is removed immediately after fertilization

56-Internal fasciae are thin soft tissue sheets lined abdominal cavity

57-In contra deciduate placenta large amount of bleeding present after birth

58- Compact bone is thick at the shaft and thin at extremities of scapula

59- Mare and she camel have diffuse type of placenta

60-Trophoblast is responsible for formation of all fetal membranes

#### Second part subjective questions (10 points) الاجابة في كراسة الاجابة

Briefly describe with illustrations each of followings

1- The fibrous joints

2- The gross anatomy and structures of long bone

3- Arrangement of skeletal muscle fibers

4- The steps of gastrulation of birds

5- Classification of placenta based on the distribution of chorionic villi and fate of the decidua

Prof.Dr. A



# Menoufia University Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Anatomy and Embryology First Year Exam, 2019/2020



Date: 1.1.2020 time allowed: 2 Hours

# Please answer the all of following questions First part the objective questions (40 questions/10 points) الاجابة في نموذج الاجابة الالكتروني

	Choose the	correct answer			
I- The trochlea means					
A. Articular depression	B. Articular projection	C. Non-articular depression	D. Non-articular projection		
2- Fovea means					
A. Articular depression	B. Articular projection	C. Non-articular depression	D. Non-articular projection		
3- Application of anatomical knowledge on living animal is known as					
A. Applied	B. Gross	C. Developmental	D. Comparative		
4- The articulation type be	etween carpal bones of h	orse isjoi	D. Hinge		
A. Gliding	B. Ellipsoidal	C. Pivot			
5- In limbs, the	plane divided	the limb into proximal and o	ilistai part parts		
A. Frontal	B. Transverse	C. Medial	D. Sagittal		
6- The metaphys is clear inbone					
A. Humerus	B. Scapula		D. Sessamoid		
7- The spongy bones fill completely all bones except the					
Δ Humerus	B. Scapula	C. Carpal	D. Sessamoid		
8- Thepla	ne divides the body into	cranial and caudal parts			
A Modian	B Sagittal	C. Frontal	D. Transverse		
9- The articulation betwe	en second and third meta	acarpus of horse is			
A. Suture	B. Symphyses	C. Syndesmosis	D. synovial		
10- The last step of the oo	genesis is observed durir	1g	D. Fetal life		
A. Ovulation	B. Fertilization	C. Puberty	D. Fetal life		
11- The main group of cel	11- The main group of cells involutes through the primitive streak form				
A. Ectoderm		C. Mesoderm	D. Hypoblast		
12- The mesoderm of cho			D . T. 1.114		
A. Hypoblast		C. Inner cell mass	D. Trophoblast		
13- Themembrane in the chick embryo is the respiratory organ					
A. Chorioallantoic	B. Yolk sac	C. Chorion	D. Allantois		
14- The holoblastic unequ	al cleavage is present in				
A. Frog	B. Mammals	C. Birds	D. Remiles		
15- The ox has metacarpal bones					
A. 2	B. 3	C. 4	D. 5		
16- The muscle bundles is					
	B. Perimysium	C. Epimysium	D. Myofiber		
A. Endomysium  17- The retinaculum is clo		joint			
	B. Elbow	C. Carpal	D. Fetlock		
A. Shoulder	D. LIOUW	J. 53-P3-			



# Menoufia University Faculty of Veterinary Mea. Anatomy and Embryology First Year E.



Date: 1.1.2020

time allowed: 2 H

18- Eccentric implantation can be observed in				
A. Human	B. Rodent	C. Cow	D. Birds	
19- The structure of the somites is				
A. Mesoderm	B. Endoderm	C. Ectoderm	D. Trophoblast	
20- The delamination of the inner cell mass forming				
A. Endoderm	B. Mesoderm	C. Hypoblast	D. Trophoblast	
Choose the true (A) or false (B) sentences				
21- Shoulder girdle region is consisted of, scapula, clavicle and humerus				
22- Only dog has 4 digits while in other domestic animals the number of digits is varied				
23- Head is the articular surface of humerus and articulate with radius and ulna forming elbow joint				
24- The intertuberal groove is divided by the intermediate ridge in the humerus of horse and ox				
25- The primordial germ cells is derived from the endoderm of the yolk sac				
26- Each fore limb of the ox has 4 proximal sessamoid and 2 distal sessamoid bones				
27- Endosteum is fibrous membrane present only in long bone				
28- Suture is fibrous joint can only be seen in the skull of old aged animals				
29- Synovial joints are the only joints that have a space between the adjoining bones				
30- The joint capsule present in some of synovial joints and absent the majority of it				
31- In incongruent joint the articular surfaces adapted to each other by the presence of ligaments				
32-In hinge joint one articular surface is ring moved around axis of other like elbow joint				
33- Striated voluntary muscle present in the wall of heart				
34- Reduced long bone is a type of long bone but have very small central cavity as ulna				
35- The zona pellucida around zygot is removed immediately after fertilization				
36- Internal fasciae are thin soft tissue sheets lined body cavities				
37-Xiphoid region is a part of cranial abdominal regions				
38-Compact bone is thick at the shaft and thin at extremities of flat bones				
39- Mare and she camel have diffuse type of placenta				
<b>40-</b> Trophoblast is responsible for formation of all fetal membranes				

#### Second part subjective questions (15 points) الإجابة في كراسة الإجابة

#### Briefly describe with illustrations each of followings

- 1- Structures of synovial joint
- 2- The gross anatomy and structures of long bone
- 3- Arrangement of skeletal muscle fibers
- 4- The steps of fertilization
- 5- Fetal membranes in birds
- 6- Classification of placenta based on the maternal side share

## جامعة المنوفية

Menoufia University باسة النربية ) منارة المعرفة فم. قلب الدلتا

a) NaNH<sub>2</sub>

b) HBr 16. Addition of 2 moles of HCl to propyne gives:



**Menoufia University** Subject: Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry Final Term Exam

Lutty of Veterinary Medicine

Date: 19/01/2020	Time Allowed: (3 Hours)
Name:	
Part I: Answer All The Followin	g Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):
	ctions can be used to prepare alkanes ?
(a) Wurtz reaction	(b Wolf-Kishner reaction
(c) Koleb"s electrolysis	(d) All of these
	lasses of compounds is unreactive toward sulphuric Alcohols (c) Alkenes (d) Alkynes
(3) Ethylene is obtained from	ethyl bromide by :
(a) Simple heating (b) Hydrolys	s (c) Dehydrohalogenation (d) Nucleophilic substitution
	ne with HCl, H <sup>+</sup> ion acts as the : (a) electrophile (b)
	ouble bond, the hydrogen goes to the carbon that ns is a statement of (a) Hund's rule
(b) Markovnikov's rule (c) Hud	kel rule (d) Saytzeff rule
(6) Markovnikov's addition of	HBr is not applicable to
(a) Propene (b) 1-buter	ne (c) 1-pentene (d) 2-butene
	H=CH <sub>2</sub> with HCl, the H of the HCl will become attached
	1 (b) C-2 (c) C-3 (d) C-4
(8) Ethylene reacts with HI to g	give (a) lodoethane (b) 2,2-Dibr
(c) 1,1 -Diiodoethane	(d) None of these
(9) How many σ (sigma) bonds	s are there in CH₂=CH—CH=CH√?
(a) 3 (b) 6	(c) 9 (d) 12 \
(c) a ketone	(d) an ether
10. Ethanol on heating with conc.	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> at 170 <sup>0</sup> C gives:
a) ethylene b) ethylhydrogen	sulfate c) diethyl ether d) diethylsulfate
11. Which of the following has the a) CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH b) CH <sub>3</sub> C	
, , ,	OH c) CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH d) CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH will undergo heterolytic bond fission most:
a) O-H b) C-H c)	C-O d) C-C
13. When acetylene is passed throu	igh hot iron tube at 400°C, it gives?
a) benzene b) toluene	c) o-xylene d) mesitylene
a) $CaC_2$ b) $Mg_2C_3$	ands on hydrolysis gives acetylene:  c) Al <sub>4</sub> C <sub>3</sub> d) Cu <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
15. 1-Butyne reacts with:	u) Cu2Ci2

c) dil.H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and HgSO<sub>4</sub> d. All of these

a) 2,2-dichloropropane b) 1,3-dichloropropane c) 1,2-dichloropropane d) h

17. Hydration of 2-methyl-1-propene with H<sub>2</sub>O/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> gives:

a)CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

b) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>COH

c) CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

d) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHO

18. Catalytic hydrogenation of 3-methyl-1-butene gives:

b) 2,2-dimethylbutane

c)2-methylbutane

d) 2,3-dimethylbutane

19. Combustion of an alkene with sufficient oxygen will produce:

a)CO<sub>2</sub>&H<sub>2</sub>O

b) CO & H<sub>2</sub>O

c) only CO<sub>2</sub>

20. The higher reactivity of an alkene or alkyne, as compared to an alkane, is due to:

a) sigma bond

b) pi bond

c) hydrogen bond

d) none of rhese

21. Addition of 2 moles of HCl to propyne gives:

a) 2,2-dichloropropane b) 1,3-dichloropropane c) 1,2-dichloropropane d) none of these

#### Part II: Answer in Brief The Following Questions:

- 1. How are organic compounds classified?
- 2. Write all possible structural isomers of the alkane  $C_5H_{12}$ . Name each isomer by IUPAC system.
- 3. Write the structural formulas for all isomeric alkenes containing five carbon atoms. Name each according to the IUPAC system.
- 4. How are aldehydes and ketones prepared? give only one reaction/method for each class.
- 5. Describe only one important reaction of ketone and aldehyde.

With Best Wishes for All,

Professor Dr. Ibrahim Tantawy
Dr. Mohamed Hawata