### تحديث استراتيجية التقويم



### كلية الطب \_ جامعة المنوفية



### **Updating of Strategy of Assessment**

**Faculty of Medicine - Menoufia University** 

By

**Measurement & Assessment Unit** 

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**Executive Manager** 

of

**Measurement & Assessment Unit** 

(2018)

اعتماد مجلس الكلية ديسمبر 2018

By the end of September 2018 and after reflection, there was a revision of the strategy due to:

1) Sharing of Menoufia University (Including Faculty of Medicine) in the project named (Development of students' assessment methods and examinations) in the 5<sup>th</sup> rotation of the projects of project management of Ministry of Higher Education under the name "Support and construction of Measurement & Assessment Centers in Egyptian Universities" with subsequent construction of Measurement & Assessment Unit in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University

The unit is responsible for all aspects of measurement and assessment including:

- 1) Training of staff & assisting staff on the methods of development of students' assessment (Written, practical & clinical exams), also training on program evaluation and all aspects of strategic management and performance appraisal
- 2) Revision of written examination papers with delivering feedback to the concerned departments
- 3) Supervision and appraisal of clinical & practical exams with delivering feedback to the concerned departments
- 4) Item banks & electronic exams
- 5) Monitoring and appraisal of faculty programs and performance appraisal in general
- 6) Setting the criteria of choosing who are involved in the assessment process
- 2) Introduction of the new undergraduate students' program (5+2)

This will require updating of some assessment methods according to instructions of the Supreme Council of Universities (SCU)

So, there was updating in the form of some additions to the previous strategy (2016-2019) which is an ongoing strategy

### **Executive Team**

Manager of Unit (Dean of Faculty)

**Executive manager** 

**Training Committee** 

**Item Bank Committee** 

**Electronic Exam Committee** 

**Electronic Correction Committee** 

**Revision of Written Exams Committee** 

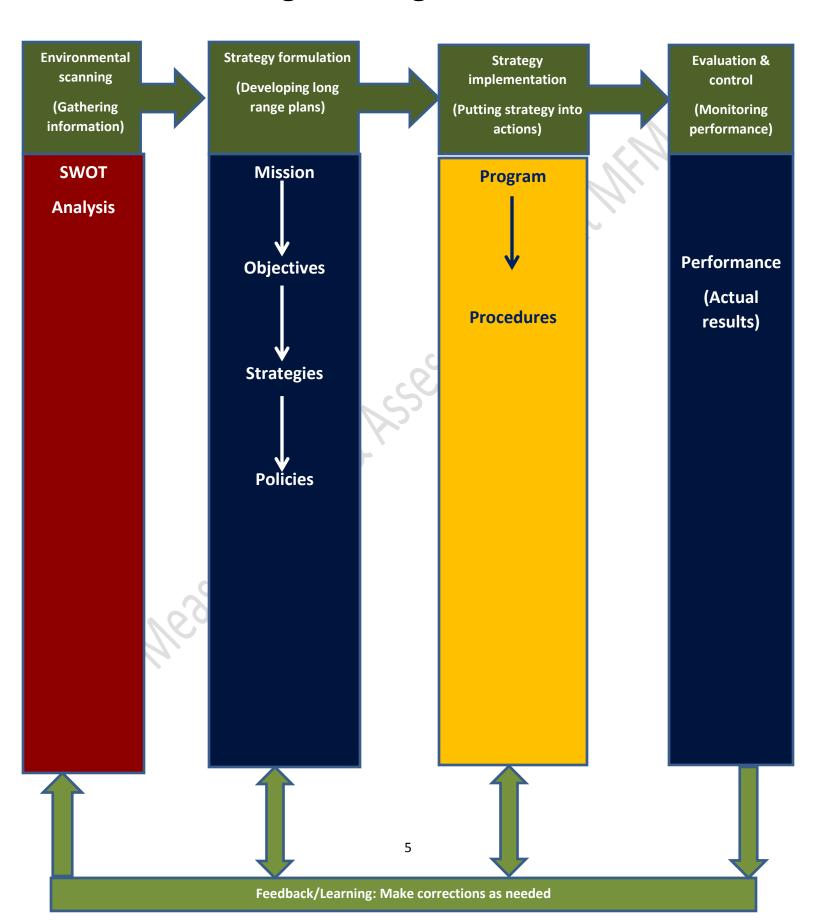
**Supervision of Practical & Clinical Exams Committee** 

**Program Evaluation Committee** 

**Performance Appraisal Committee** 

**Statistics & Public opinion Screening Committee** 

### **Strategic Management Model**



## Environmental Scanning Measurement

### **SWOT** analysis

### Strengths

- \* Sharing of the faculty in the project of "Development of students' assessment and examinations" with presence of fund from the Ministry of Higher Education
- \* The policy of the state regarding the construction of Measurement & Assessment centers in the Egyptian Universities with great attention to the development of assessment methods
- \* The president instructions about generalization of electronic exams in all faculties in Arab Republic of Egypt
- \* Qualification of manager of Measurement & Assessment Unit regarding Medical Education (Medical Education Diploma and the American fellowship of Medical Education, FAIMER), strategic management, & Human Resources Management
- \* Qualification of head of the committee regarding training (At-IBCT) to be able to train staff members who will share in the formation of item banks
- \* The new undergraduate students' program (5+2) with stressing on the

### Weaknesses

- \* Lack of critical mass of staff members who are qualified in Medical Education or assessment
- \* Lack of suitable infrastructure for implementation of electronic exams
- \* Lack of number of computers to train students on electronic examinations and implementing them
- \* Resistance of many departments to share in putting questions in the item bank
- \* Lack of stable source of electricity
- \* Lack of stable internet
- \* Lack of financial resources for the external reviewers

development of assessment methods	
Opportunities	Threats
* Updating of National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) for faculties of Medicine in 2017 with providing of international educational standards that could be adopted	* Need for the faculties of Medicine in Egypt to be recognized by the World Federation of Medical Education (WFME)
* Providing training courses by the National Authority for Quality Assurance & Accreditation of Education (NAQAAE) about preparation of examinations	aeri Unit
* Presence of successful international trials about strategies of assessment	522/11/2
Megantewents	

### Strategy Formulation

Formula, Assessment Unit

### **Vision**

To become the top-ranked faculty among all faculties of Egyptian universities regarding quality of exams

### Mission

To develop students' exams in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University regarding objectivity, reliability, comprehension, validity and ensuring testing different types of skills together with developing attitude

### **Goal One**

To develop the written examinations in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University to become mostly formed of items measuring applied knowledge not memorizing

### **Objectives**

- 1) By the end of December 2018, 100% of staff & assisting staff members who are instructors for first year students will be able to:
- a) construct the single best answer items in an appropriate manner.
- b) compose vignettes in an appropriate way and according to the competency to be tested.
- c) compose integrated vignettes.
- d) support the use of items which test applied knowledge in the faculty.
- e) believe that using items which test applied knowledge in written exams will lead to graduation of competent doctors.
- 2) By the end of June 2019, 100% of staff & assisting staff members who are instructors for students of 2<sup>nd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> year of new students' program (5+2) will be able to:
- a) construct the single best answer items in an appropriate manner.
- b) compose vignettes in an appropriate way and according to the competency to be tested.
- c) compose integrated vignettes.

- d) support the use of items which test applied knowledge in the faculty.
- e) believe that using items which test applied knowledge in written exams will lead to graduation of competent doctors.

### **Goal Two**

To achieve fairness by determining the cut-off scores of the different items in exams through using Angoff method

### **Objectives**

- 1) By the end of December 2018, 50% of staff members will be able to:
- a) realize the idea and aim of standard setting.
- b) implement Angoff method in perfect way.
- c) believe that using this method will achieve fairness.
- 2) By the end of June 2019, 100% of staff members will be able to:
- a) realize the idea and aim of standard setting.
- b) implement Angoff method in perfect way.
- c) believe that using this method will achieve fairness.

### **Goal Three**

To form item banks in all departments in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University

### **Objectives**

- 1) By the end of June 2019, 100% of departments will have completed the formulation of questions of item banks
- 2) By the end of July 2019, 100% of item banks will have been revised by experts from other universities
- 3) By the end of August 2019, 100% of item banks will have been entered on the specific software

4) By the end of December 2019, at least 50% of departments will have used these item banks in delivery of written exams

### **Goal four**

To implement electronic exams for undergraduate students

### **Objectives**

- 1) By the end of December 2019, at least 50% of written exams will be delivered electronically
- 2) By the end of June 2020, 100% of written exams will be delivered electronically

### Strategy

The following is the strategy of Assessment methodology stated in the strategy 2016-2019.

### **Strategy of Assessment Methodologies**

### Introduction

Assessment has played and continues to play a central role in medical education. Assessment in medical education is multifaceted. It drives and stimulates learning, provides information on educational efficacy to institutions and teachers, and protects patients.

### 1) Students' assessment methods are based on ILOs:

a) Recall of knowledge and understanding: Written exam

MCQs, Short/Restricted answered questions, True/Falsequestions & well-structured short essay

### b) Intellectual skills:

- Within written exam: MCQs with vignettes, extended matching questions (EMQs), problem solving questions, short answered questions (SAQ) with

question focus in the form of vignette or photo or graph or...., wellstructured short essay testing higher order cognitive functions

- Within clinical exam: Objective Structured Clinical Exam (OSCE) with response stations (Requiring analysis and interpretation)
- Within practical exam: Objective Structured Practical Exam (OSPE) with response stations (Requiring analysis and interpretation)

### c) Clinical/Practical skills:

OSCE with procedure stations

OSPE with procedure stations

### d) General & transferable skills:

- Home assignments
- Presentations

### 2) Criteria of a valuable test:

- \* Construct validity: The ability of the test to measure what it is supposed to be measured.
- \* Content validity: The extent to which the test covers the subject, discipline or domain is called its content validity. When an examination is carefully designed through good selection and weighting of the topics to be assessed it is described as having content validity (This is closely related to the concept of blueprint).
- \* Objectivity: The degree by which learned and independent examiners agree to the correct answer.
- \* Reliability: The consistency of the test scores over time, under different testing conditions, and with different raters.
- \* Educational impact: Examinations drive learning; this hypothesis describes one of the strongest relationships in education. Trainees wish academic success, and academic success is defined by examinations,

therefore students will do everything to maximize their chances of success. The way the exam is conducted also affects the way students learn. An instrument that drives students to learn more in depth is said to have high educational impact.

- \* Comprehension: The tests should cover the whole curriculum regarding the testing of knowledge, skills and attitude
- \* Practicability: The easiness and feasibility of the test to be administered.
- \* Acceptability
- \* Cost effectiveness
- \* At the proper level of difficulty.
- \* Feasibility in terms of time.
- \* The utility index

The 'utility index', described by Cees van der Vleuten in 1996, serves as an excellent framework for assessment design and evaluation.

Utility = Educational impact x validity x reliability x cost x acceptability

### 3) Essential criteria in every written exam:

The following criteria must be fulfilled:

- \* Use of blend of questions: There is no single type which is optimal, but a blend of types can produce an assessment which is "fit for purpose".
- \* Use of a suitable percentage of objectively structured questions (Not less than 70%).
- \* Use of a suitable percentage of questions measuring understanding and intellectual skills (Not less than 60%). The exam which tests recall of knowledge only is no longer accepted internationally.

### \* Presence of model answers

- Specially prepared model answers must be present. They must be clear and readable. Copied and hand written model answers are not accepted. They must not contain extra data or missing data.
- For essay question, prepare a rubric. This is an essential requirement. The rubric is the detailed model answer prepared by the examiner. However, it is classified into partitions according to the allocated marks for each partition to guide the rater during correction.

### 4) Use of formative & Summative Assessment:



- 5) Quality of the examination questions: Questions are formulated according to the most recent methods in Medical Education:
- **A) Subjective:** Short essays (Must be not more than 30% of questions) {Long essay is forbidden}
- B) Objective: 1) Multiple choice questions (MCQs).
  - 2) Extended matching questions (EMQs).
  - 3) True/False.

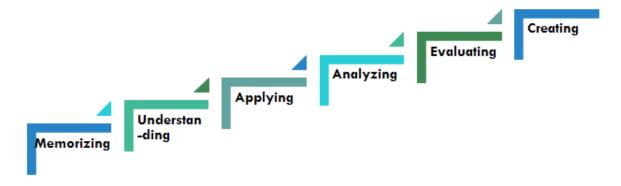
- 4) Supply items.
- 5) Problem solving (If properly constructed).
- 6) Short /restricted answered questions (SAQ/RAQ).

### Short essay question

Criteria to be fulfilled

- \* Clear and unambiguous wording are used.
- \* Itemization of the question is done (In each topic, specify the parts needed to be written by the student. For example, etiology, pathology, clinical manifestations or management.....etc).
- \* Defined mark for each item is put to make expectations clear.
- \* Action verbs are present at the beginning of the question. They are chosen from **Bloom's taxonomy** of action verbs. Every action verb is chosen according the level required to be tested

### **Bloom's Taxonomy**



### **MCQs**

### Criteria to be fulfilled

### Making sure of

- \* The stem is comprehensive and branches are short: The stem should contain all the facts of the matter. The branches should only outline the possible answers.
- \* The question is relevant and has been taught in the curriculum.
- \* Cannot be guessed: It should not be possible to guess the right answer. The correct choice should rely on the candidate knowing the relevant material.
- \* The grammar and sentence construction are correct.
- \* Familiar words are used from the course consistently.
- \* Homogenous distractors are used:
- If diagnosis then all diagnostics.
- If therapy then all therapeutics.
- \* Plausible distractors that make sense are used, but less correct than the correct option.

### **Avoiding of**

- \* Uncommon terminology and abbreviations.
- \* Double negatives.
- \* Interior blank in the stem because it is a cognitive load
- \* Using "all of the above" and be careful about "none of the above" options. Also, avoid A&B, C&D....etc
- \* Questions dependent on previous one/s (High risk).

- \* Imprecision: Avoid vague terms as "can", "may", "usually, often, sometimes,....
- \* Absolute terms as never, must, always,.....etc
- \* Options that are long and complicated (These shift what is measured by the question from knowledge to reading speed).
- \* Except and not
- \* Clues (Guessing):

Examples of clues:

- Grammatical: Wrong grammar in distractors
- Contextual/logical clues: Distractors are not in line with the context of the stem.
- Long correct statements

### **Extended matching questions (EMQs)**

Criteria to be fulfilled

- Structure

EMQ is formed mainly of four elements:

- a) Theme: This merely defines the topic on which the question is going to be based (e.g. respiratory distress).
- b) Task: This tells the candidate what are being asked to do.
- c) Stems: These are the actual scenarios on which the task is based. Typically they are simple clinical conditions.
- d) Options: There are normally between six and twenty five items from which the candidate chooses the answer. The list should be short enough

to be scanned quickly by the candidate, but long enough to make guessing useless.

- Making sure of:
- \* Options are in one page.
- \* Clear directions are present.
- Avoiding of:
- \* Long stems and options.
- \* Heterogeneous content.

### True/False question

Criteria to be fulfilled

- Making sure of:
- \* Every sentence contains only one central idea (knowledge or concept).
- \* The idea is indisputable.
- \* Clear and unambiguous wording are used.
- \* The same number of true and false statements (50%/50%) or slightly more false statements than true (60%/40%). Students are more likely to answer true.
- Avoiding of:
- \* Long /complex sentences.
- \* Negatives and double negatives.
- \* All, whole, only, always, may, sometimes, often,.....

### **Problem Solving Questions**

### Criteria to be fulfilled

- Constructing questions that are specific (Specifying the type and quantity of answer required e.g. enumerate two investigations). It is preferable to formulate the questions in the form of objective questions not short essays. This will render the questions more objective and reliable.
- If the sub-questions are in the form of short essays, conditions of writing good short essays must be considered.
- Providing information that is not pre-interpreted (raw) (e.g. instead of reporting pulse deficit or liver enlargement, it is better to report the pulse rate or the size of the liver.....and so on).
- Providing sufficient negative information (e.g. There is no rebound tenderness).

### Short/restricted answered questions (SAQs/RAQs)

Criteria to be fulfilled

- Structure

SAQs are generally constructed around a theme followed by several focused questions. Each question bears separate mark that is clearly indicated in the question paper. Sometimes, SAQ is formed as one separate question with no question focus

- The only action verbs used in this type are name, enumerate or list

### **Modification in strategy of Assessment Methodology in 2018**

\* Every written exam in the new students' program will be composed of two papers:

**First paper** will contain only single best answer items (SBA) and 50% of the total marks of the exam will be allocated to this paper

**Second paper** will contain other types of objective questions (EMQ-SAQ-Problem Solving) and short essay questions. 50% of the total marks of the exam will be allocated to this paper

Short essay questions (If present) must not exceed 15% of total marks of the exam provided that they are properly constructed according to the conditions previously written in the original strategy.

All other objective questions should be constructed in a way to test applied knowledge not memorizing as previously mentioned in the "Guide" and in all previous training courses (Levels a & b)

\* Angoff method will be applied to all future exams as a method of standard setting

# Strategy Implementation

### **Goal One**

To develop the written examinations in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University to become totally formed of items measuring applied knowledge not memorizing

### Name of programs

- 1) Training of staff and assisting staff in different departments about the methods of composing single best answer items with integrated vignettes.
- 2) Communication of feedback (In the form of written report) about every exam to the scientific departments sharing in the modules for the purpose of development.

### **Program (1) Activities**

- 1) Delivering a new training course of Assessment Development (Level C). (Level A has been delivered since 1/1/2017 by Prof. Gehan Salah Sadek) (Level B has been delivered to the internal revision committees of different departments by Prof. Gehan Salah Sadek)
- 2) Delivering a written "Guide" to different departments about the modified methods of assessment in written exams.

### **Action Plan**

	Action Steps	Responsibility	Start-End
1	a) preparation of the scientific	Manager of	10/10/2018-
	content of the training course	the unit	10/11/2018
	(Level C)	Prof. Gehan	
		Salah	
	b) Delivering of the course	Manager of	18/11/2018
		the unit	for 3 days
		Prof. Gehan	and repeated
		Salah	every two

			weeks
2)	a) Authoring of a "Guide" about	Manager of	10/10/2018-
	modified methods of assessment in	the unit	10/11/2018
	written exams	Prof. Gehan	
		Salah	
	b) Delivering of the written "Guide"	Manager of	18/11/2018-
	to different departments about the	the unit	30/11/2018
	modified methods of assessment in	Prof. Gehan	
	written exams	Salah	

### **Program (2) Activities**

- 1) Preparation of a feedback (Written report) about the written exam according to the previously mentioned checklist
- 2) Delivering the feedback to the concerned scientific departments in the module.

### **Action plan**

	Action steps	Responsibility	Start-End
1	a) Preparation of a feedback	Members of the	After the end of
	(Written report) about the	unit	the exam
	written exam according to the		
	previously mentioned		
	checklist		
	b) Peer revision of the report	Members of the	After end of
		unit	initial
			preparation of
	00		the report
	c) Final revision of the report	Manager of the	After finishing of
		unit	the peer revision
2	Delivering the feedback to the	The member	Maximum 10
	concerned scientific	who prepared	days after end of
	departments in the module	the report, the	the exam
	through a meeting	peer reviewer,	
		the Manager of	
		the unit and	

	members of	
	scientific	
	departments	

### **Goal Two**

To achieve fairness in by determining the cut-off scores of the different items in exams through using Angoff method

### **Program**

Training of staff members on Angoff method on level C of Assessment Development course according to the schedule mentioned above

### **Goal Three**

**Program:** Construction of high quality item banks in all scientific departments in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University

### **Activities**

- 1) Formation of questions by all staff members in the faculty who share in the teaching process
- 2) Revision and appraisal of item banks by external expert reviewers
- 3) Entering the item banks on the software

### **Goal Four**

**Program:** implementation of electronic exams in Faculty of Medicine, Menoufia University

### **Activities**

- 1) Allocation of a suitable place for electronic exam
- 2) Preparation of the suitable required infrastructure
- 3) Bringing of the computers which will be delivered through the Ministry of communication
- 4) Providing a suitable stable internet

- 5) Providing generators to ensure stable electric current
- 6) Providing the electronic exam hall with cameras for safety
- 7) Providing suitable measures to ensure safety

### **Evaluation & Control**

- 1) Revision of different exams by the Measurement & Assessment Unit with delivery of an accurate report of feedback as in the original strategy (2016-2109)
- 2) Internal auditing by the Measurement & Assessment Unit to ensure implementation of Angoff
- 3) External auditing for item banks by experts from the project management in Ministry of Higher Education
- 4) External auditing to monitor the process of electronic exam from the project management in Ministry of Higher Education